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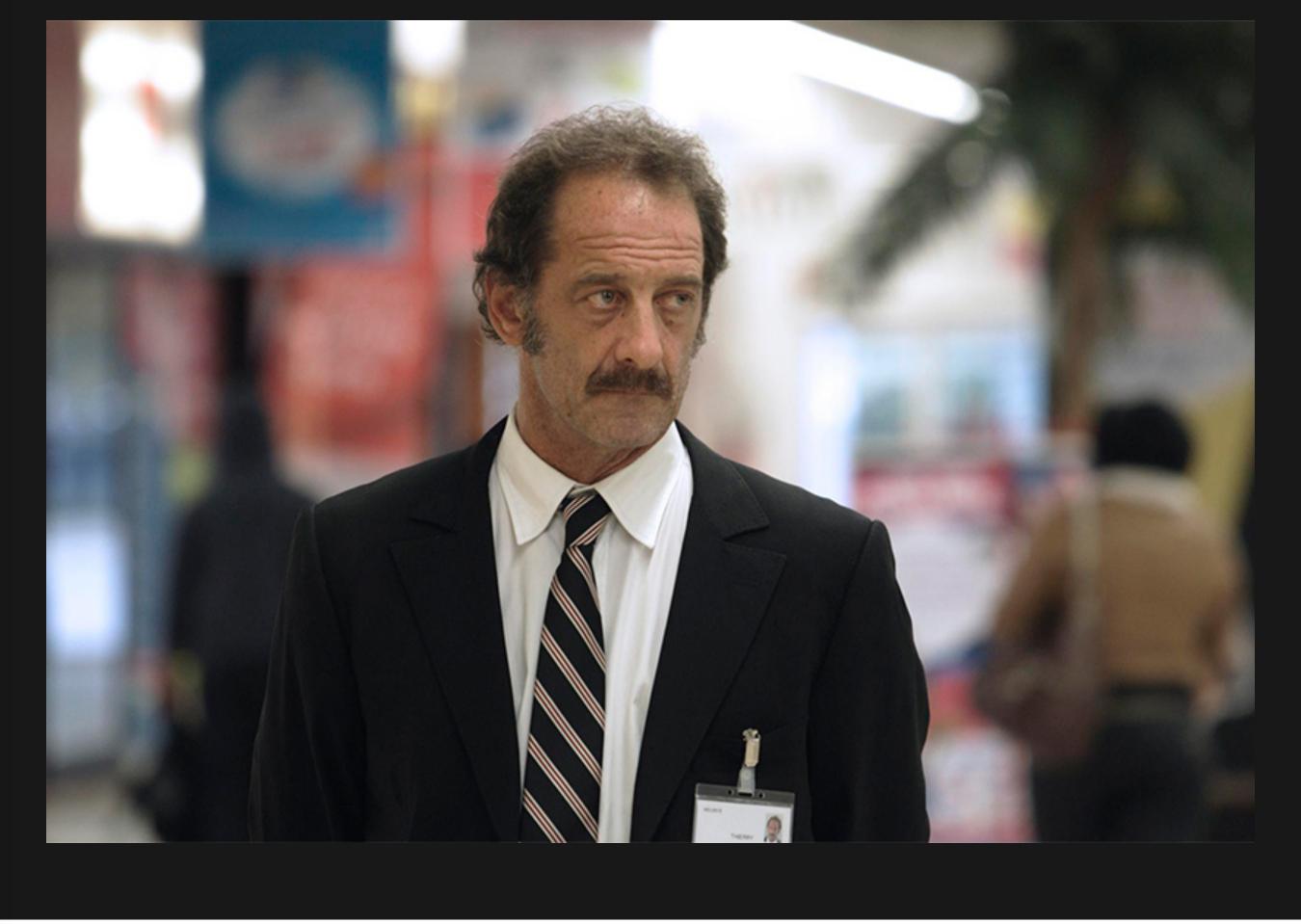
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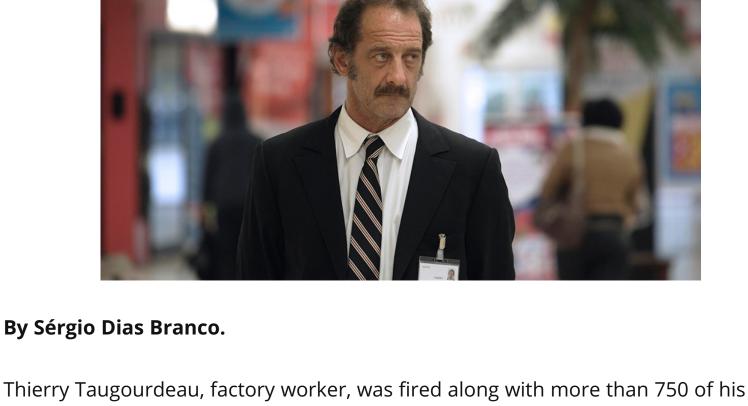
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REVIEW

September 11, 2016 Posted by Film International

The Law of Capital: The Measure of a Man





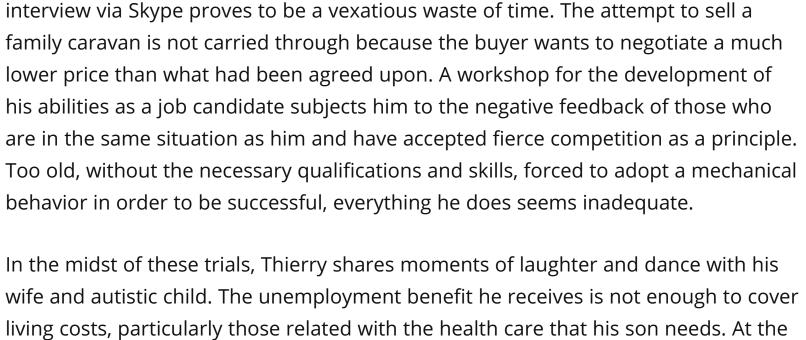
colleagues. He is 51 years old and has been unemployed for almost two. In the first

scene of The Measure of a Man (La Loi du marché, 2015; "The Law of the Market" in a literal translation), a job center assistant is in front of him. The assistant questions

him about the fact that he was trained as a construction crane operator without any possibility of finding a job at the end of this process. Both he and twelve other unemployed, many of them young, did not have the experience required by the employer. The succession of training programs and internships seem to feed from one into another. In the end, he always ends up out of work and apparently at a dead end. The above-mentioned scene announces the tone of the film: the camera invites the spectator to attentively listen, continuously recording a conversation that becomes more and more intense, but without dramatic excesses, never showing the two characters at the same time on screen. When the camera pans from one to the other it is the distance between them that stands out and gives resonance to Thierry's helplessness — interrupted when speaking, his indignation ignored. This realism that undeviatingly concentrates on suffering faces, on modulated voices, on tense bodies, finds its main focus with French actor

Actor Award at the Cannes Film Festival and the César Award in the same category. His sadness is the dramatic expression of the crushing of people who live off their work and who have lost their livelihood. The law of the capitalist labor market alluded to in the original title strikes him down, time after time, humiliation after humiliation, in a gradual and placid mechanism of submission. An

Vincent Lindon, winner of the Best



bank, he is told to sell the house or purchase life insurance. Affected by the fatigue

of an arduous life with no solution, he tells his union friends that he does not want

to participate in a case against their former employers, so that he does not have to

relive the struggle he put up and keeps his sanity. He is a man on the verge of

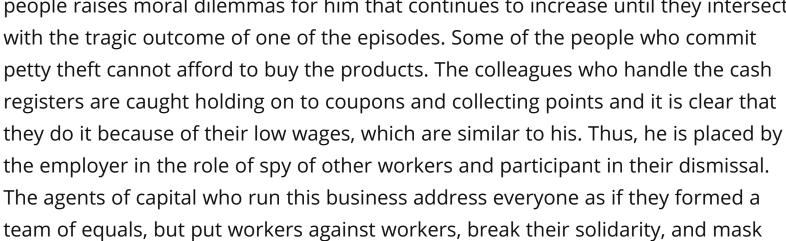
collapse, and does not lose firmness or constancy in his misfortune.

security guard in a supermarket. Increasingly quiet and introverted, he is assigned the task of surveilling not only the customers, but also the cashiers. The monitoring of other people raises moral dilemmas for him that continues to increase until they intersect

When Thierry decides to ask for a

small loan, he already has a job as a

the implication of Engels's remarks.



The Measure of a Man, directed by Stéphane Brizé, portrays the problems of the contemporary labor world without yielding to the rhetoric of a message. As in Two Days, One Night (Deux jours, une nuit, 2014), it is through the characters, their difficulties and aspirations, joys and frustrations, that the film builds an accurate representation of the economic and social relations in capitalism, aggravated by the neoliberal offensive. What Friedrich Engels wrote in a letter to Minna Kautsky in 1885 applies to these films. The subject of his commentary was the so-called social novel that, according to him, "fully carries out its mission if by a faithful portrayal of the real conditions it dispels the dominant conventional illusions concerning them, shakes the optimism of the bourgeois world, and inevitably instils doubt as to the eternal validity of that which exists, without itself offering a direct solution of the problem involved, even without at times ostensibly taking sides." Of course, the

questions and demands for responses that a powerful film such as this, "a faithful

portrayal of the real conditions", originates can lead us to take sides, which is exactly

their exploitation. Thierry will have to choose whether to remain associated with this

inhuman treatment or to return to an anguished job search.

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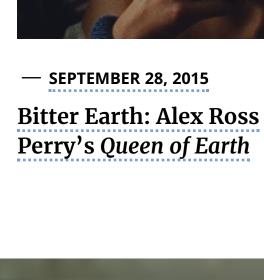
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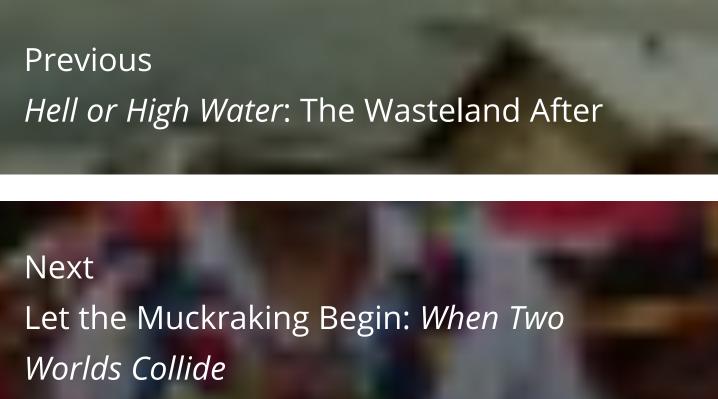
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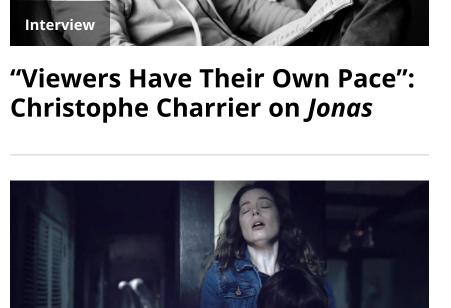




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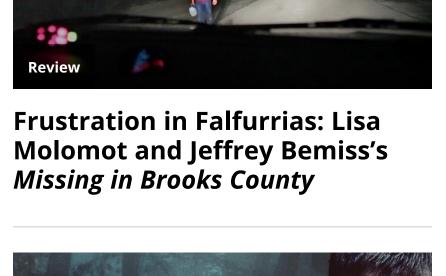
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