

Poly[piperazine-1,4-dinium [μ_4 -chlorido- μ_3 -chlorido-tri- μ_2 -chlorido-chloridodimetalate(II)] monohydrate]Marwa Adib,^a Meher El Glaoui,^a Pedro Sidonio Pereira da Silva,^b Manuela Ramos Silva^b and Cherif Ben Nasr^{a*}^aLaboratoire de Chimie des Matériaux, Faculté des Sciences de Bizerte, 7021 Zarzouna, Tunisia, and ^bCEMDRX, Physics Department, University of Coimbra, P-3004-516 Coimbra, Portugal

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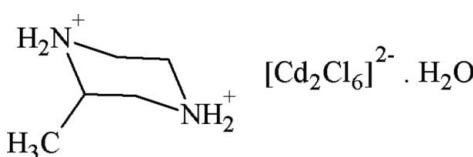
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.018; wR factor = 0.045; data-to-parameter ratio = 23.9.

In the title compound, $\{(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{Cd}_2\text{Cl}_6]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$, the asymmetric unit contains one piperazinedinium cation, one $[\text{Cd}_2\text{Cl}_6]^{2-}$ anion and a water molecule. The coordination geometries of the two Cd^{2+} cations are distorted octahedral. Adjacent Cd^{II} atoms are interconnected alternately by paired chloride bridges, generating polymeric chains parallel to [010]. Neighbouring chains are connected by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds involving the water molecules, forming layers at $z = n/2$. The crystal packing is further stabilized by intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, one of which is bifurcated.

Related literature

For general background to polymeric chloridocadmate(II) materials, see: Corradi *et al.* (1997). For the geometry around the Cd^{II} ion, see: Corradi *et al.* (1997, 1998); Xia *et al.* (2005); Jian *et al.* (2006); Partin & O'Keeffe (1991). For Cd–Cl bond lengths, see: El Glaoui *et al.* (2010). For geometrical features of the organic cation, see: Yin & Wu (2010).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)[\text{Cd}_2\text{Cl}_6]\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$b = 6.8088(2)\text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 557.70$	$c = 21.4590(5)\text{ \AA}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$\beta = 120.521(1)^\circ$
$a = 12.1907(3)\text{ \AA}$	$V = 1534.39(7)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation	$0.40 \times 0.27 \times 0.16\text{ mm}$
$\mu = 3.80\text{ mm}^{-1}$	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer	22206 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2003)	3688 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.411$, $T_{\max} = 0.545$	3449 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.045$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.12$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.73\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3688 reflections	
154 parameters	

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1–H1A \cdots Cl3 ⁱ	0.90	2.32	3.0819 (17)	143
N1–H1B \cdots Cl2	0.90	2.35	3.2451 (16)	171
N4–H4A \cdots Cl6 ⁱⁱ	0.90	2.44	3.1614 (17)	138
N4–H4A \cdots O1W ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90	2.45	3.131 (2)	133
N4–H4B \cdots O1W ^{iv}	0.90	1.90	2.791 (2)	171
O1W–H1W \cdots Cl6 ^v	0.83 (4)	2.40 (4)	3.2140 (19)	166 (3)
O1W–H2W \cdots Cl1 ^{vi}	0.84 (4)	2.68 (4)	3.503 (2)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x + 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (v) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (vi) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LR2045).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m175 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812001626]

Poly[piperazine-1,4-dium [μ_4 -chlorido- μ_3 -chlorido-tri- μ_2 -chlorido-chloridocadmate(II)] monohydrate]

Marwa Adib, Meher El Glaoui, Pedro Sidonio Pereira da Silva, Manuela Ramos Silva and Cherif Ben Nasr

S1. Comment

Polymeric chlorocadmates(II) represent a class of materials with chlorine atoms as ligands, connecting neighboring cadmium atoms, thus forming one or two-dimensional arrangements. One-dimensionality of metal chains allows easier modeling of physical properties and structure property correlations (Corradi *et al.*, 1997). In these compounds, the cadmium(II) cations exhibits a variety of coordination geometries and coordination numbers. However, it is worth to note that octahedral coordination of Cd^{II} is essentially present only in polymeric chlorocadmates(II), although a variety of stoichiometries are possible. The CdCl₆ octahedra can form chains by face, edge, or vertex sharing [Corradi *et al.*, 1997; Xia *et al.*, 2005; Corradi *et al.*, 1998; Jian *et al.*, 2006]. As a contribution to the investigation of the above materials, we report here the crystal structure of one such compound, Cd₂Cl₆C₅H₁₄N₂H₂O (I), formed from the reaction of piperazine, hydrochloride acid and cadmium chloride. The asymmetric unit of the title material contains one piperazinedium cation, one Cd₂Cl₆²⁻ anion and a water molecule (Fig. 1). Within Cd₂Cl₆ moiety, each Cd^{II} cations is coordinated by six chlorine atoms forming a distorted octahedron. Packing of Cd₂Cl₆C₅H₁₄N₂H₂O (Fig.2) shows that adjacent Cd ions are interconnected alternatively by paired chloride bridges to generate an infinite one-dimensional coordination chain crystallographic *b* axis. The closest Cd—Cd distance within the chain is 3.979 (1) Å is fairly close to the one determined in the one-dimensional chain of slightly distorted edge-sharing octahedral (Partin & O Keeffe, 1991). These chains, situated at (1/2, 0, 0) and (1/2, 0, 1/2), are interconnected by the water molecules *via* O—H···Cl hydrogen bonds to form layers extending along the (a, c) plane at *z* = *n*/2 (Fig. 3). In the Cd₂Cl₆ entities, the Cd—Cl distances in the octahedra range between 2.4852 (5) and 2.9415 (5) Å. Cd—Cl distances of edge sharing chlorine atoms are 2.5449 (5) (Cd1—Cl4), 2.7148 (4) (Cd1—Cl5ⁱ), 2.6007 (5) (Cd2—Cl4) and 2.7293 (4) (Cd2—Cl5ⁱ) Å (symmetry codes in Table 1). The Cd—Cl—Cd bridges can thus be regarded as dissymmetric. These distances are longer than the terminal Cd—Cl ones 2.4852 (5) (Cd1—Cl3) and 2.51989 (5) (Cd2—Cl6) Å, which is typical of six coordinated Cd^{II} (El Glaoui *et al.*, 2010).. The Cl—Cd—Cl bond angles average close to 90.0° and range between 81.82 (1)° (for Cl2—Cd1—Cl5) and Cl3—Cd1—Cl4 97.18 (2)°, again confirming the close to octahedral nature of the CdCl₆ building units. Otherwise, owing to the obvious differences of Cd—Cl distances and Cl—Cd—Cl angles in Cd₂Cl₆C₅H₁₄N₂H₂O, the coordination geometry around the Cd atoms could be regarded as slightly distorted octahedron. The piperazinedium cations are anchored onto successive layers through N—H···Cl and N—H···O hydrogen bonds. The piperazinedium ring adopts a typical chair conformation and all the geometrical features agree with those found in the salt containing the same cation, 2-methyl-piperazinedium tetrachlorozincate(II) (Yin & Wu, 2010). In this structure, the anionic and organic entities and the water molecules are connected through intricate O—H···Cl, N—H···Cl and N—H···O hydrogen bonding interactions, with one of these being three-center interactions, *viz.* N4—H4A···(Cl6^{iv}, O1W^v) (Fig. 3, details and symmetry codes in Table 1). It

is worth noticing that the chlorine atoms Cl4 and Cl5 of the Cd₂Cl₆ are not involved in hydrogen bonding, while all hydrogen atoms that are attached to N1 and N4 nitrogen atoms are involved in hydrogen bondings.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of an aqueous solution of 2-methylpiperazine (3 mmol, 0.300 g), cadmium chloride (1.5 mmol, 0.275 g) and HCl (10 ml, 0.3 M) in a Petri dish was slowly evaporated at room temperature. Colorless single crystals of the title compound were isolated after several days (yield 63%).

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located in a difference Fourier synthesis, placed in calculated positions and refined as riding on their parent atoms, using *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008) defaults.

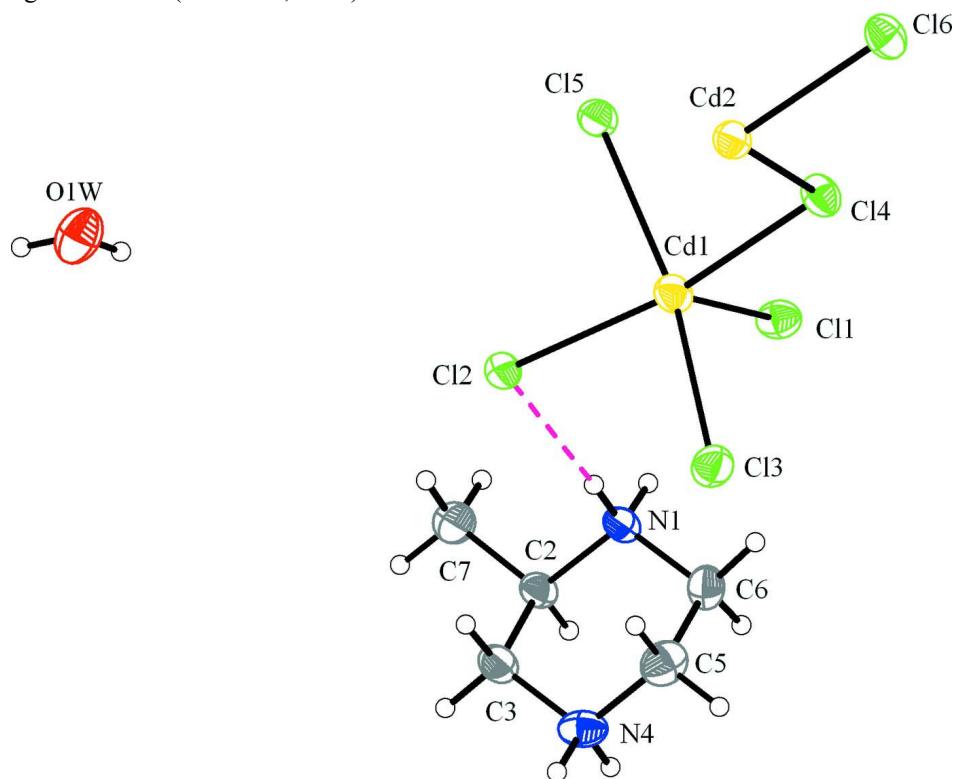
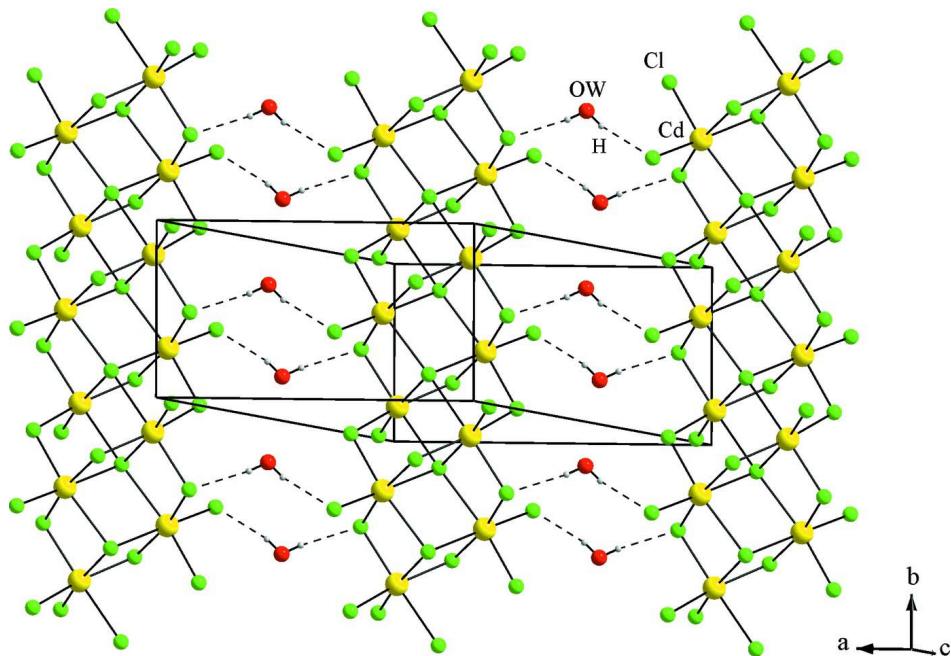
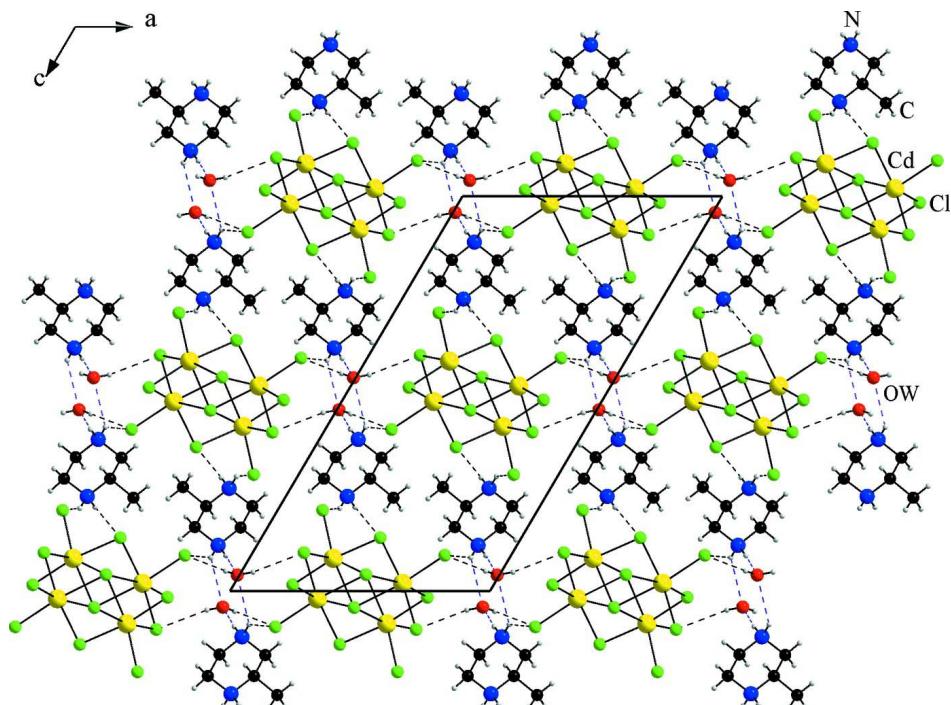


Figure 1

A view of (I) showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

A view of the crystal structure of (I) showing the layer organization between $\text{Cd}_2\text{Cl}_6^{2-}$ anion and H_2O molecules. Dotted lines show intermolecular hydrogen bonding.

**Figure 3**

Packing diagram of the compound viewed down the *b* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

Poly[piperazine-1,4-dium [μ_4 -chlorido- μ_3 -chlorido-tri- μ_2 -chlorido-chloridodicadmate(II)] monohydrate]*Crystal data*

$M_r = 557.70$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 12.1907 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 6.8088 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 21.4590 (5) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 120.521 (1)^\circ$

$V = 1534.39 (7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1064$

$D_x = 2.414 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 8164 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}28.0^\circ$

$\mu = 3.80 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.40 \times 0.27 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)

$T_{\min} = 0.411$, $T_{\max} = 0.545$

22206 measured reflections

3688 independent reflections

3449 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -16 \rightarrow 15$

$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$

$l = -28 \rightarrow 26$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$

$wR(F^2) = 0.045$

$S = 1.12$

3688 reflections

154 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0198P)^2 + 0.7665P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.73 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.676903 (13)	0.40204 (2)	0.082720 (7)	0.02594 (5)
Cd2	0.646100 (13)	0.89968 (2)	-0.019721 (7)	0.02546 (5)
Cl1	0.80264 (5)	0.07606 (7)	0.09737 (2)	0.02919 (10)

Cl2	0.54286 (4)	0.25219 (7)	0.13506 (2)	0.02547 (9)
Cl3	0.82700 (4)	0.53623 (8)	0.20479 (3)	0.03199 (10)
Cl4	0.77287 (5)	0.57158 (7)	0.01573 (3)	0.02863 (10)
Cl5	0.48547 (4)	0.24642 (7)	-0.04173 (2)	0.02682 (10)
Cl6	0.74505 (5)	1.02346 (7)	-0.09068 (3)	0.03096 (10)
N1	0.76370 (15)	-0.0550 (2)	0.23986 (8)	0.0255 (3)
H1A	0.7654	-0.1453	0.2097	0.031*
H1B	0.7095	0.0407	0.2127	0.031*
N4	0.85051 (16)	0.0786 (2)	0.38410 (8)	0.0302 (4)
H4A	0.8507	0.1670	0.4153	0.036*
H4B	0.9034	-0.0199	0.4100	0.036*
C2	0.71565 (17)	-0.1493 (3)	0.28474 (9)	0.0236 (4)
H2	0.7724	-0.2584	0.3119	0.028*
C3	0.71971 (18)	0.0001 (3)	0.33791 (10)	0.0282 (4)
H3A	0.6620	0.1072	0.3117	0.034*
H3B	0.6914	-0.0607	0.3682	0.034*
C5	0.8968 (2)	0.1733 (3)	0.33924 (11)	0.0343 (4)
H5A	0.9834	0.2194	0.3702	0.041*
H5B	0.8438	0.2859	0.3143	0.041*
C6	0.89316 (18)	0.0298 (3)	0.28479 (11)	0.0320 (4)
H6A	0.9178	0.0961	0.2538	0.038*
H6B	0.9537	-0.0750	0.3099	0.038*
C7	0.58312 (19)	-0.2299 (3)	0.23657 (11)	0.0341 (4)
H7A	0.5273	-0.1255	0.2079	0.051*
H7B	0.5525	-0.2864	0.2659	0.051*
H7C	0.5853	-0.3288	0.2053	0.051*
O1W	0.00855 (17)	0.2486 (3)	0.04060 (10)	0.0431 (4)
H1W	0.063 (4)	0.162 (6)	0.0509 (19)	0.090 (13)*
H2W	-0.046 (3)	0.197 (5)	0.0481 (18)	0.080 (11)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cd1	0.02794 (8)	0.02668 (8)	0.02527 (8)	-0.00503 (5)	0.01503 (6)	-0.00082 (5)
Cd2	0.02605 (8)	0.02669 (8)	0.02454 (8)	-0.00547 (5)	0.01350 (6)	-0.00232 (5)
Cl1	0.0319 (2)	0.0269 (2)	0.0251 (2)	0.00093 (18)	0.01181 (19)	-0.00354 (17)
Cl2	0.0243 (2)	0.0304 (2)	0.02289 (19)	-0.00335 (17)	0.01289 (17)	0.00013 (17)
Cl3	0.0277 (2)	0.0360 (3)	0.0297 (2)	0.00006 (19)	0.01262 (19)	-0.0073 (2)
Cl4	0.0334 (2)	0.0273 (2)	0.0313 (2)	0.00249 (18)	0.0209 (2)	0.00483 (18)
Cl5	0.0293 (2)	0.0287 (2)	0.0237 (2)	-0.00274 (18)	0.01440 (18)	-0.00028 (17)
Cl6	0.0367 (2)	0.0281 (2)	0.0349 (2)	-0.00504 (19)	0.0231 (2)	0.00181 (19)
N1	0.0279 (8)	0.0309 (8)	0.0210 (7)	0.0022 (6)	0.0148 (6)	0.0015 (6)
N4	0.0374 (9)	0.0261 (9)	0.0221 (7)	0.0039 (7)	0.0115 (7)	-0.0021 (6)
C2	0.0262 (9)	0.0252 (9)	0.0212 (8)	0.0008 (7)	0.0135 (7)	0.0034 (7)
C3	0.0312 (10)	0.0327 (11)	0.0248 (9)	0.0028 (8)	0.0172 (8)	-0.0002 (8)
C5	0.0325 (10)	0.0302 (11)	0.0348 (10)	-0.0052 (9)	0.0131 (9)	0.0006 (9)
C6	0.0248 (9)	0.0397 (12)	0.0337 (10)	-0.0003 (8)	0.0164 (8)	0.0035 (9)
C7	0.0307 (10)	0.0410 (12)	0.0302 (10)	-0.0071 (9)	0.0151 (8)	-0.0030 (9)

O1W	0.0328 (9)	0.0374 (10)	0.0524 (10)	-0.0048 (7)	0.0167 (8)	-0.0072 (8)
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Geometric parameters (\AA , $\text{^{\circ}}$)

Cd1—Cl3	2.4852 (5)	N1—H1B	0.9000
Cd1—Cl4	2.5449 (5)	N4—C5	1.488 (3)
Cd1—Cl2	2.6147 (4)	N4—C3	1.485 (2)
Cd1—Cl1	2.6239 (5)	N4—H4A	0.9000
Cd1—Cl5	2.7148 (4)	N4—H4B	0.9000
Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	2.9415 (5)	C2—C7	1.511 (3)
Cd2—Cl6	2.5198 (5)	C2—C3	1.510 (3)
Cd2—Cl1 ⁱⁱ	2.5548 (5)	C2—H2	0.9800
Cd2—Cl2 ⁱ	2.5905 (4)	C3—H3A	0.9700
Cd2—Cl4	2.6007 (5)	C3—H3B	0.9700
Cd2—Cl5 ⁱ	2.7293 (4)	C5—C6	1.506 (3)
Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	2.9483 (5)	C5—H5A	0.9700
Cl1—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.5549 (5)	C5—H5B	0.9700
Cl2—Cd2 ⁱ	2.5904 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9700
Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	2.7293 (4)	C6—H6B	0.9700
Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	2.9415 (5)	C7—H7A	0.9600
Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9482 (5)	C7—H7B	0.9600
N1—C6	1.486 (2)	C7—H7C	0.9600
N1—C2	1.502 (2)	O1W—H1W	0.83 (4)
N1—H1A	0.9000	O1W—H2W	0.84 (4)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl4	97.183 (17)	C2—N1—H1A	109.1
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2	88.677 (16)	C6—N1—H1B	109.1
Cl4—Cd1—Cl2	170.588 (16)	C2—N1—H1B	109.1
Cl3—Cd1—Cl1	96.435 (16)	H1A—N1—H1B	107.8
Cl4—Cd1—Cl1	92.478 (16)	C5—N4—C3	110.85 (14)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl1	94.181 (16)	C5—N4—H4A	109.5
Cl3—Cd1—Cl5	170.147 (15)	C3—N4—H4A	109.5
Cl4—Cd1—Cl5	91.920 (15)	C5—N4—H4B	109.5
Cl2—Cd1—Cl5	81.819 (14)	C3—N4—H4B	109.5
Cl1—Cd1—Cl5	86.892 (14)	H4A—N4—H4B	108.1
Cl3—Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	92.263 (15)	N1—C2—C7	110.25 (14)
Cl4—Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	83.946 (14)	N1—C2—C3	108.81 (15)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	88.486 (14)	C7—C2—C3	112.00 (16)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	170.954 (14)	N1—C2—H2	108.6
Cl5—Cd1—Cl5 ⁱ	84.932 (14)	C7—C2—H2	108.6
Cl6—Cd2—Cl1 ⁱⁱ	95.130 (16)	C3—C2—H2	108.6
Cl6—Cd2—Cl2 ⁱ	91.288 (15)	N4—C3—C2	111.02 (15)
Cl1 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl2 ⁱ	170.043 (16)	N4—C3—H3A	109.4
Cl6—Cd2—Cl4	93.917 (16)	C2—C3—H3A	109.4
Cl1 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl4	94.589 (16)	N4—C3—H3B	109.4
Cl2 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl4	92.555 (16)	C2—C3—H3B	109.4
Cl6—Cd2—Cl5 ⁱ	173.207 (15)	H3A—C3—H3B	108.0
Cl1 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl5 ⁱ	91.424 (15)	N4—C5—C6	110.43 (17)

Cl2 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl5 ⁱ	81.980 (14)	N4—C5—H5A	109.6
Cl4—Cd2—Cl5 ⁱ	87.324 (14)	C6—C5—H5A	109.6
Cl6—Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	96.792 (15)	N4—C5—H5B	109.6
Cl1 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	83.379 (14)	C6—C5—H5B	109.6
Cl2 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	88.316 (14)	H5A—C5—H5B	108.1
Cl4—Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	169.235 (14)	N1—C6—C5	111.02 (16)
Cl5 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl5 ⁱⁱ	82.170 (14)	N1—C6—H6A	109.4
Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ —Cl1—Cd1	100.407 (17)	C5—C6—H6A	109.4
Cd2 ⁱ —Cl2—Cd1	101.062 (15)	N1—C6—H6B	109.4
Cd1—Cl4—Cd2	100.341 (16)	C5—C6—H6B	109.4
Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	95.136 (14)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.0
Cd1—Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	95.067 (14)	C2—C7—H7A	109.5
Cd2 ⁱ —Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	88.267 (13)	C2—C7—H7B	109.5
Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	89.184 (13)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
Cd2 ⁱ —Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	97.829 (14)	C2—C7—H7C	109.5
Cd1 ⁱ —Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	172.243 (17)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C6—N1—C2	112.43 (14)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C6—N1—H1A	109.1	H1W—O1W—H2W	105 (3)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl1—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	173.772 (17)	Cl1—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	95.163 (16)
Cl4—Cd1—Cl1—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	−88.710 (18)	Cl5 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	−88.711 (14)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl1—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	84.634 (17)	Cl4—Cd1—Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	−83.748 (15)
Cl5—Cd1—Cl1—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.079 (16)	Cl2—Cd1—Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	89.194 (14)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl2—Cd2 ⁱ	176.878 (18)	Cl1—Cd1—Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	−176.127 (16)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl2—Cd2 ⁱ	−86.765 (17)	Cl5 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl5—Cd1 ⁱ	0.0
Cl5—Cd1—Cl2—Cd2 ⁱ	−0.517 (14)	Cl4—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	89.754 (14)
Cl5 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl2—Cd2 ⁱ	84.579 (16)	Cl2—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	−97.304 (14)
Cl3—Cd1—Cl4—Cd2	−88.832 (18)	Cl1—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	−2.625 (14)
Cl1—Cd1—Cl4—Cd2	174.361 (16)	Cl5 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	173.501 (18)
Cl5—Cd1—Cl4—Cd2	87.391 (17)	C6—N1—C2—C7	179.04 (17)
Cl5 ⁱ —Cd1—Cl4—Cd2	2.695 (15)	C6—N1—C2—C3	55.8 (2)
Cl6—Cd2—Cl4—Cd1	−176.201 (16)	C5—N4—C3—C2	59.2 (2)
Cl1 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl4—Cd1	88.323 (18)	N1—C2—C3—N4	−57.26 (19)
Cl2 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl4—Cd1	−84.734 (17)	C7—C2—C3—N4	−179.41 (16)
Cl5 ⁱ —Cd2—Cl4—Cd1	−2.891 (16)	C3—N4—C5—C6	−57.2 (2)
Cl5 ⁱⁱ —Cd2—Cl4—Cd1	9.69 (9)	C2—N1—C6—C5	−55.5 (2)
Cl4—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	−172.459 (15)	N4—C5—C6—N1	55.1 (2)
Cl2—Cd1—Cl5—Cd2 ⁱ	0.484 (13)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N1—H1A \cdots Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.90	2.32	3.0819 (17)	143
N1—H1B \cdots Cl2	0.90	2.35	3.2451 (16)	171
N4—H4A \cdots Cl6 ^{iv}	0.90	2.44	3.1614 (17)	138
N4—H4A \cdots O1W ^v	0.90	2.45	3.131 (2)	133

N4—H4 <i>B</i> ···O1 <i>W</i> ⁱ	0.90	1.90	2.791 (2)	171
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> ···Cl6 ⁱ	0.83 (4)	2.40 (4)	3.2140 (19)	166 (3)
O1 <i>W</i> —H2 <i>W</i> ···Cl1 ^{vii}	0.84 (4)	2.68 (4)	3.503 (2)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$; (iv) $x, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (v) $x+1, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (vi) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (vii) $x-1, y, z$.